

# STATE TROOPS KILL 5 IN CLASH WITH MINERS

Victims Said to Have Fired on Advancing Soldiers.

## OUTPOST YIELDS TO ARMED FORCES Logan County Becomes New Danger Point in Coal Region.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Aug. 28.—Citizens of Logan County fear a renewal of warfare between armed miners and State troops following the capture of deputies following a battle in the mountains Saturday night, during which five miners are reported to have been killed and one wounded.

The battle was between a dozen State troops under Capt. J. R. Brockus and a miners' patrol. It occurred along Beech Creek, north of Logan, the county seat.

Brockus and his men, constituting the advance guard of a force of 100 State troops and 250 deputized citizens, were proceeding toward Sharples to guard the county border against the projected invasion of the miners' army from Boone County.

They encountered outposts of miners, who were ordered to surrender and lay down their arms. The miners complied and eleven prisoners were taken.

A little farther on, a patrol of five miners was encountered. They refused to surrender, and according to Brockus, opened fire less than ten feet away. The State troops replied and five miners fell. Four prisoners escaped and one of these is thought to have been wounded.

Brockus said he thought the five men who fell were killed. They were carried from the scene by comrades, who swarmed down into the valley from the mountains. The darkness made it difficult for Brockus to definitely what damage was inflicted.

State Troops Fall Back.

There was one casualty among the State forces. R. J. Dulin was accidentally shot by one of his own men.

The State forces immediately withdrew, feeling themselves greatly outnumbered, falling back to Ethel, where the main body had established headquarters. The troops and deputies had come into the danger point in the coal region to reinforce the men organized there to oppose the advance of the miners' army.

Meantime, word reaching Brockus at Ethel told of the gathering of from 1,500 to 2,000 miners at Sharples, less than five miles to the north. The proximity of the forces led to the belief that there might be further serious trouble. Miners were reported in a revengeful mood.

Logan Citizens Alarmed.

Citizens of Logan, the county seat, are prepared to assemble on the call of a siren, to take the field. Feeling is tense.

The train-borne in Logan County was regarded as local, and not directly associated with the projected march of armed miners into Mingo County. The army has disbanded. In Logan County, however, there has been a feeling that the miners who live there and State troops and deputies organized under Sheriff Don Chafin.

Logan County is now regarded as the danger point in the coal region. Officials conceded the possibility of serious trouble, but they predicted there would be no battle on a large scale, such as threatened during last week.

Efforts to learn the exact extent of the casualties in the skirmish have been unsuccessful. Reports in Huntington said six men had been killed, but these could not be verified.

A hundred State police and 250 deputies are reported to be in Sharples, having been sent in as reinforcement from Mingo County, following disturbances during the week.

Three Deputies Captured.

Adjutant General Charnock of the West Virginia militia left Charleston tonight, accompanied by three officers of the United Mine Workers, in a motor dash for Logan County, hoping to be able to arrest the fighting between miners and deputy sheriffs reinforced by State troops.

Sheriff Don Chafin, of Logan County had reported by wire to Gov. Morgan that 1,000 Logan County citizens had assembled ready to take the field and fight the miners. A large number of the sheriff's men at the town of Clothier on the northern boundary of Logan County, and the citizens were threatening to go out and try to liberate the deputies. But should they do so, it was feared that the miners would wreak vengeance on the captives.

The sheriff reported that the civilians were highly indignant and being restrained with difficulty.

Pledges Offered Miners.

Charnock and the union officials went by automobile from St. Albans, from where they will travel into the Coal River section on a special train, provided by William Wiley, manager of the Boone County Coal Corporation.

C. J. Porter, member of the union executive board, carried a letter from C. F. Keeney, union president and other officials of District 17, asking the miners to refrain from violence, on the assurance that their section will not be invaded by Logan County deputies.

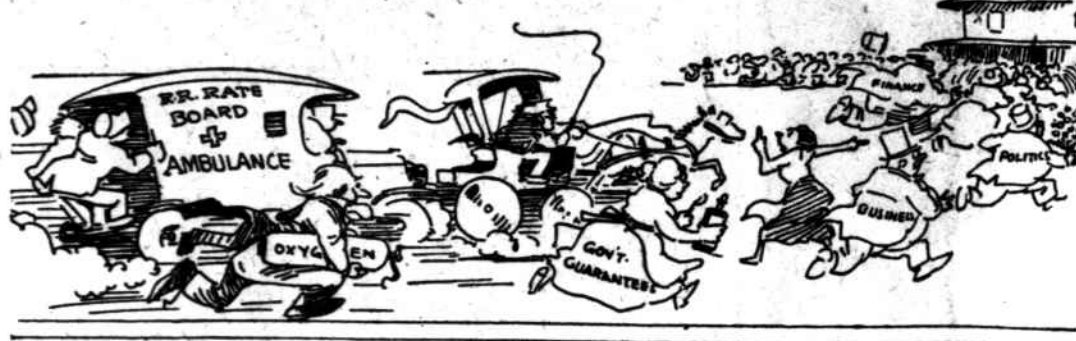
"Governor Morgan gave me positive assurance that there will be no invasion of your section by Logan County," said the letter.

Asks Aid to Law and Order.

"I wish to request that you and each of you remain at your homes, assist in the preservation of law and order, and refrain from conduct other than what may be necessary to protect yourselves and families."

# "But None for the Little Boy That Lives in the Lane.—J. N. Darling.

WHEN THE RAILROADS ARE SICK.



WHEN OLD MAN BUSINESS IS AILING.



WHEN LABOR IS SICK.



WHEN THE FARMER IS IN TROUBLE.



## DAIL MAY ANSWER LLOYD GEORGE AT TODAY'S SESSION

Plebiscite Held Possible On Question of Peace Terms Offered.

(Special Cable to The Washington Herald and United News.)

LONDON, Aug. 28.—Lloyd George's direct reply to Eamonn de Valera followed by his speech at Barnsley, which reiterated the British viewpoint that Ireland has been offered not only every element of freedom compatible with the safety of the empire, but "more than was ever offered Ireland in previous history," is expected to bring forth a new expression from the Daill Eireann tomorrow.

The Daill will meet in secret session to consider the British premier's communication, and probably will return an answer at the conclusion of the session. The Barnsley speech is expected to have direct influence upon the Daill's deliberations, possibly to the extent of forcing De Valera to go to his own people in a plebiscite on the question of acceptance or rejection of the government's peace proposals.

Holiday Spirit Prevails.

If outward appearances are any indication of the general sentiment in Sinn Fein, the Irish people have no fear of any immediate termination of the negotiations and a return to warfare. Nowhere is there a tightening of the military lines. Members of the Irish Republican army still stroll about the streets of Dublin apparently unconcerned over the future. A large party composed of members of the Irish parliament and their friends, in the gayest of spirits, made a picnic excursion in a fleet of motor cars to Glendalough today and holiday sentiment prevailed throughout the south of Ireland.

Great significance is attached to the arrival in London of Sir James Craig, Ulster premier, who is expected to confer with Lloyd George during the next few days. It is rumored, as well, that De Valera himself may appear on the scene during the latter part of next week. Craig's presence here was brought about by an urgent summons by the British cabinet, and would indicate that Lloyd George may make another attempt to persuade the obstructionist stand.

Sounds Warning to Ulster.

In this connection, Lloyd George's Barnsley speech was delivered with an eye on the attitude of Ulster. His declaration that "the most cruel and most terrible civil war since the days of the Crusades would result from complete severance of Ireland from the United Kingdom and his appeal to "clear aside prejudice, and be as distinctly as to Sinn Fein."

But the chief hope is that the negotiations will continue is contained in this fact: Lloyd George has declared that Ireland can have anything short of complete severance—and De Valera has not actually demanded the establishment of a republic in any of the interchanges thus far.

## CONVICT FORGERS PLY TRADE IN JAIL

Get Loot of \$14,000 from Security of Cells in Sing Sing.

OSSENING, N. Y., Aug. 28.—By stealing blank checks, forging the name of Warden Lewis Z. Laves and indorsements of persons doing business with the prison, convicts at Sing Sing have defrauded persons outside the prison out of \$14,000 in the last two months. It became known today, when three prisoners who had access to the checks were placed in solitary confinement pending an investigation.

The men are George Liljewall, serving time for forgery; "Frenchy" Levine, and J. O. Bennett. Liljewall, minimum sentence of two years had expired and he was about to be discharged, when Agent Wintersteen, of State Comptroller Western's office, detected the forgeries when examining prison accounts.

Eight forged checks, paid and cancelled, were found among those returned to the prison. Inspection of the comptroller's checkbook showed that the checks had been stolen out of it. The thief who took the checks had Warden Laves' name forged to them.

Those who cashed the checks and not the State will have to stand the losses, it was said.

This is the third time in four years convicts, accustomed to dealing in spurious checks when at large, have plied their trade while inmates of the prison. In the other two instances, which occurred under Warden W. H. Morgan, Edward V. Brophy, the State had to pocket the loss.

## RAILROAD UNIONS RUSH STRIKE VOTE

Thorough Work of Big Four Organizations Ominous Sign.

CHICAGO, Aug. 28.—The "Big Four" railroad brotherhoods are now taking the most complete "strike vote" in the history of the organization it was learned today. According to a resolution adopted by the officials of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen in a meeting last night, this vote was to be taken starting September 1, and was to pass on whether the "big four" would accept the wage cut of June 29.

But it is learned the vote is already being taken and will be completed by September 1.

The completeness with which all of the hundreds of thousands of train service are being canvassed is viewed as the most ominous sign of these organizations, a large-scale general transportation interruption impends.

Representatives of the "big four" are being hurried to every railroad center to get the vote of every single member of the four big organizations. In the past the vote of these organizations on matters of importance has often represented not more than 50 per cent of the total membership.

## FIRST SHIPLOADS OF FOOD ARRIVE FOR FAMINE ZONE

Soviet Speeds Preparations for Distributing Supplies.

RIGA, Aug. 28.—While the advance contingent of American relief workers is speeding to Moscow to establish the channels through which provisions are soon to pour in upon the Russian famine districts, the first shiploads of food are beginning to arrive.

From Sweden, 20,000 pounds of rye have reached Riga and are already transferred to the railway for immediate dispatch into the Volga. On the heels of this came a ship from Hamburg, bringing 1,000 crates of chilled meat. Eight hundred thousand pounds of seed recently purchased by the Soviet government will reach Riga within a few days.

Railroads Being Reorganized.

The Moscow government is reorganizing its transportation system on a large scale, and the complete military provisioning machinery, perfected by Trotsky for use of the Russian armies on the Western front will be brought into play in the hunger zone.

More than 100 hospital and food trains are already circulating through the stricken provinces. Each train is manned by a complete hospital staff—doctors, nurses, pharmacists and orderlies. There are also special "children's trains," each capable of caring for 5,000 children every twenty-five hours. They are equipped with splendid kitchens, large stocks of clothing, particularly underwear, and carry trained nurses.

Simultaneously the government has opened thousands of first-aid stations along the principal routes taken by the refugees fleeing from the hunger belt. Ninety-eight of these are devoted exclusively to relief of infants.

Maternity hospitals numbering 220 have been established in great stores of clothing, of which there is an appalling lack, have been released and are ready for shipment.

The government is devoting particular attention to the children, and is endeavoring to bring them out of the famine districts as rapidly as possible.

## FOUR ARE KILLED AS TRAIN HITS AUTO

SOMERVILLE, N. J., Aug. 28.—Four persons were killed instantly this evening when a train crashed into the automobile in which they were riding, about a mile from here.

The dead are: Dr. A. G. D'Amico, 30, married, of Somerville; Mrs. Maria Rosalia Abriola, his grandmother, 80; Helen D'Amico, a sister, 22, and Maria Maria Sansone, a niece, 18, of New York.

The accident occurred at Tine's crossing, on the Somerville-Flemington line of the Central Railroad of New Jersey. Only a bell marked the crossing, and it is believed that it failed to give the victims warning of the train's approach.

# GERMANY NEAR WAR BY DEATH OF ERZBERGER

Reichstag President Blames Kaiserist Group For Assassination.

## SERIOUS CLASHES LOOKED FOR DAILY

Declares Ludendorff and Von Der Goltz Head 'Murder Campaign.'

POTSDAM, Germany, Aug. 28.—Three persons were shot and killed here today in a clash between Communists and Monarchists.

Thirty thousand Communists journeyed here from Berlin to hold a meeting to protest against the assassination of Matthias Erzberger and during their demonstration they clashed with the Monarchists.

The police were called out and they were obliged to fire. The bullets killed two "Reds." A sniper shot another "Red" dead.

After the outbreak the Communists succeeded in parading afterwards entraining for Berlin.

The trouble started when soldiers of the Reichstag tore up a number of red flags, precipitating a riot in which the safety police intervened, firing on the Reds.

(Special Cable to The Washington Herald and United News.)

BERLIN, Aug. 28.—Laying the guilt for the murder of Matthias Erzberger, former vice chancellor and minister of finance, directly at the door of the Kaiserist group, President Loeb, of the German Reichstag, in an exclusive interview, declares that a violent outbreak may be precipitated throughout Germany as a result of the increasingly daring demonstrations of the reactionary politicians.

"The provocative work of the Nationalists, such as the 'Front Fighters' at Berlin, and other manifestations in recent weeks cannot be repeated without serious clashes," he declared. "Even without such demonstrations the air is so electrified by the occurrences which culminated in the assassination of Erzberger that an outbreak of extreme violence may arise at any moment."

Blames Reactionary Press.

Loeb directly accused the reactionary press and Nationalist agitation in parliament of fomenting the plots which ended in Erzberger's death.

"The thought of blood revenge is ripening in the Left and right parties feel that they are insufficiently protected against this campaign of murder," he said.

Von der Goltz and other speakers in the Reichstag have bitterly attacked Erzberger in recent speeches. "The ground for murdering Erzberger," Loeb continued, "was the false belief that Erzberger had been guilty of the unfavorable outcome of the peace negotiations and the fact that his taxation schemes attacked property—which was not his fault surely, but an unavoidable necessity in our difficult situation."

Says Law Encourages Murder.

"Added to this is the complete collapse of justice, which further this murder agitation. The judges pass over the bitterest of insults to one new statesman without imposing penalty on those who attack them. Murder is penalized so lightly that it encourages murder. This assassination will have far-reaching consequences."

Loeb flayed the press of the Right Side for their undignified campaigns against Chancellor Wirth and Minister Rathenau, declaring that this will compel Wirth to call a halt—or else developments in the next few weeks will become unbearable.

Forecasting a wave of bitterness which will sweep up to the very rostrum of the Reichstag as a result of Erzberger's death, Loeb admitted

## MOPLAH RIOTERS HOIST OWN FLAG

Mobs in British India Claim Home Rule in Fighting Area.

(Special Cable to The Washington Herald and United News.)

LONDON, Aug. 28.—The rebellious Moplah tribesmen in the Malabar district of India are proclaiming home rule in all of the disturbed areas, and in one place, Palilpur, at least have hoisted the emblem of the Indian republic.

The uprising is attributed to deep discontent with the provisions of the treaty of Sevres which partitioned the Turkish Empire. Huge mobs formed in various towns, looting and, in some instances, murdering Europeans.

The Moplahs, numbering about 1,000,000, apparently have been cherishing for some time the idea of exacting a concession of home rule from the empire.

The Indian army is hurrying reinforcements to Malabar and apparently has confidence in its ability to handle the situation. It was announced today that the troops had won the upper hand in Podanur after turning Lewis guns on a strong force of rebels, dispersing them. Martial law has been proclaimed throughout the affected regions.

To date, a small but unknown number of Europeans have been killed, twenty members of the Leinster Regiment and seventeen native police are missing and may have been murdered, and 700 rebels have been killed or wounded.

# Miss Margaret Gorman Now "Miss Washington"

Golden-Haired, Blue-Eyed, Modest Lass of 17 Is Chosen to Represent Capital at Atlantic City.

To pretty Margaret Gorman, aged 17, 3015 Cambridge place, a golden-haired, blue-eyed Western High School girl, goes one of the highest distinctions which can be conferred on a young woman.

Weighing physical beauty, charm of manner, poise and culture, a board of competent judges selected her from a large group of beautiful and attractive women as the one best qualified to represent the District at a great pageant and celebration at Atlantic City September 7 and 8. It is an occasion on which she will be not only the center of a great many social activities, but will meet the governors of several States and persons of national note.

Not only is she expected to reflect credit to the womanhood of Washington by her natural beauty and pleasing manner, but in comparison with the representatives of other cities who will be in attendance, to be adjudged the most beautiful young woman in the United States.

Forty-one in Final.

In selecting Miss Gorman from hundreds of young women who submitted their photographs to The Washington Herald, the judges exercised the most painstaking care. Every photograph was examined four times by the judges and finally forty-one were selected as justifying personal appearance before the judges for a final selection.

The forty-one who were selected at the Washington Arts Club Saturday morning and one by one walked before the judges. The forty-one were eliminated to twelve and, after a very careful study, the twelve were reduced to six.

Each of these young women was called into a conference room, where the judges, closely interrogated them, drew them into animated conversation, and asked questions about their ambitions and accomplishments. After each of them had been interviewed they were informed that

## GIRL, 19, DROWNS AS CANOE UPSETS; COMPANION SAVED

Youth Is Dragged from River After Trying to Save Victim.

Ellenore McAllister 19 years old, of 133 E street northwest, was drowned and her companion, Patrick Conley, 23 years old, George Washington and Georgetown University student, of 111 Third street northeast, is in Emergency Hospital suffering from exhaustion and prostration following the overturning of their canoe, which threw them both into the Potomac River, near Davis' landing, a mile this side of Chain Bridge, last night about 9:30 o'clock.

As Conley attempted to draw beside the pier at the landing, according to his story, a canoe shot in front of his craft forcing a hurried stroke. The sudden lurch upon the balance of the canoe and Miss McAllister and Conley were plunged in to the river.

Tries to Save Girl.

The youthful canoeist grabbed for his companion as they struck the water and he succeeded in clutching her by the waist, but it gave way and she sank, failing to come to the surface. Conley quickly stripped in an attempt to locate the girl. He was joined by V. Keefe, of Berwyn, Md.; H. O. House and K. House, of College Park, Md., but all efforts were frustrated by the swift current at this point and the jagged rocks on the bottom. Rescuers were soon forced to drag Conley from the water. He was exhausted when taken to shore and was rushed to Emergency Hospital for treatment. Physicians reported his condition as critical last night.

The body of Miss McAllister was recovered by C. M. Birkligt, of the Harbor Patrol, University of Maryland, who was out on patrol with grapple hooks thirty minutes later. Miss McAllister is said to have been a good swimmer and it is believed she was knocked unconscious by striking her head on the canoe when it upset.

McAllister came to Washington about a year ago from Hartford, Conn., and had been employed as a telephone operator until recently, when forced to give up work because of ill health. She intended leaving for her home this week. Her body was taken to the District morgue.

Conley is a student in vocational training. He served overseas during the war and was gassed and shell shocked. Because of this condition his case is considered critical. He is in the medical service of the army, having just completed the summer term of George Washington University law school. His family resides in Portland, Me.

## FIND 2 MORE BODIES OF U. S. MEN IN ZR-2

HULL, England, Aug. 28.—After another day of arduous and dangerous toil the workers attempting to recover the wreckage of the ZR-2 from the Humber paused again this evening, their efforts rewarded by the recovery of two more bodies—those of Lieut. Comdr. Emory Coll. U. S. N., and A. S. Pettit, an enlisted sailor, U. S. N.

Mrs. Coll's widow of the officer, was waiting in Hull for the word that her husband's body had been found. Thousands of people stood along the river bank watching the work of the men on the wrecking barges as they struggled with the baffling tangle of wires and metal beams. One gondola was grasped three times by the wrecking crane, and three times it slipped away as it was being hoisted above the water.

Owing to the condition of the wreckage it is deemed inadvisable to risk the lives of divers in expeditions to the river bottom in search of the bodies. To date about thirty tons of miscellaneous wreckage has been recovered.

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## The Herald's Ad-Index

MONDAY MORNING, AUGUST 29, 1921.

Another week in which to purchase those things needed for the coming season, begins today—and Herald readers know the value of Herald advertising.

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2	Baseball	2	Chas. A. Miller, Inc.
2	C. H. Brady & Co.	2	W. B. Moses
7	Claflin Optical Co.	7	Palais Royal
7	Delta Tours	7	Permanent Wave
8	Federal Realty	8	Stag Hotel
8	G. M. Gidding & Co.	8	Stock Exchange Securities
8	The Hecht Co.	8	Y. M. C. A.
8	Hornig	8	Dr. C. R. Usher
8	S. K. Sons	8	Wallis
8	D. J. Kaufman	16	White Palace Cafeteria
8	Dr. Lehman	16	Woodward & Lothrop
9	Amos W. McDevitt	2	Y. M. C. A.

# HARDING PLANS CONFERENCE TO HELP JOBLESS

Asks Secretary Hoover to Draft Program for Gathering.

## VARIOUS SECTIONS TO BE RECOGNIZED

Aim Will Be to Avert Suffering Due to Unemployment.

BY ROBERT J. BENDER.

President Harding, within the next few weeks, will call a national conference in Washington to combat the unemployment crisis. A better understanding must be reached, the President believes, between workers and employers, if the present dissatisfaction of labor is not to be increasingly fanned by lack of employment.

The move is the first on a pretentious scale to be undertaken since former President Wilson called an industrial conference in the fall of 1919. Mr. Wilson was unable personally to address or co-operate with that conference, because of his illness, and it later virtually collapsed through withdrawal of the labor representation.

Will Lay Down Principles.

President Harding, however, attaches both hope and great importance to the gathering he will call in September. He will personally set forth his expectations in an address to the conference on its opening day, laying down the principles upon which the government seeks to remedy the unemployment situation.

In anticipation of this he has asked Secretary of Commerce Hoover to draft a workable program, which will keep the conference down to a minimum, comfortable to do, prompt and effective negotiation; and, at the same time, see that affected elements in the situation are given a hearing. Mr. Hoover expects to have plans for the conference ready for submission to Mr. Harding within ten days.

Mr. Hoover will co-operate with Secretary of Labor Davis on the question of labor representation. All sections of the country will be represented in the conference and representatives of the greater employment industries will be called.

Davis Will Cooperate.

For some time the question of unemployment has been a subject of increasing concern to the administration. Mr. Hoover already has appealed to the different States to embark upon road construction programs as a means of giving them work. In addition, he has numerous volunteer committees at work on a gigantic program of standardized house-building, in the hope of setting a nation-wide building program in the near future as a boon to the workless.

Suggestions Made by Employers.

In explaining the object of the national conference to be called by President Harding, Secretary Hoover declared it "will be to inquire into the volume of needed employment, the distribution of unemployment to make recommendations as to measures that can properly be taken in co-ordinated speeding up of employment by industries and public bodies during the next winter and in addition, a broad study of the economic measures desirable to ameliorate the unemployment situation and give impulse to the recovery of business and commerce to normal. Many constructive suggestions have been made to the department by employers, the government of States, and city officials."

Must Prevent Suffering.

"While the business situation is steadily improving, yet some sections of the working class have exhausted their savings in the past winter and they must be a matter of extreme solicitude."

"It is inconceivable that America with its surplus in food and clothing, with its housing shortage, crowded—and with an abundance of fuel—could allow any suffering among those of our own people who desire to work. It is necessary that we should be forthright in the preparation of such measures as will prevent any such suffering."

The decision of the government to act on the unemployment situation is a direct result of the suggestions made by the labor movement as a result of the last few days' failure of the Congress to enact the railroad financing bill, held by Mr. Harding, in the interest of bringing employment to those thousands of idle railroad shop and maintenance-of-way workers, was regarded as a blow in the government's efforts to relieve unemployment.

5,000,000 Out of Work.

And, too, the American Federation of Labor, beginning Labor Day, is to launch a tremendous campaign to enlist unemployed in the ranks of organized labor with a "join now and labor with you through the winter" slogan. Labor's purpose in this campaign is to use a greatly augmented membership as a lever against the nation-wide "open shop" movement.

Estimates of the Labor Department show that some 5,000,000 men in the country are without work today. Adding to these the families of these men, there is represented a numerical strength that cannot be ignored. It is held, with the hard ships of winter approaching,

## GERMANY COVETS ITALIAN MARKET

(Special Cable to The Washington Herald and Chicago Tribune.)

ROME, Aug. 28.—Italy's National publishes a secret report by Silvio Beker, the German commercial attaché at Rome, revealing that Germany is working methodically to conquer the Italian market, unpolitical and financial influence in Italy. Beker advises the Berlin government to use tact and be careful to avert suspicion, but points to the necessity of accentuating Italy's industrial crisis, forcing Italy